#### **Evidence Reports of Kampo Treatment**

Task Force for Evidence Reports / Clinical Practice Guideline Committee for EBM, the Japan Society for Oriental Medicine

### 21. Others

#### Reference

Ai M, Yamaguchi T, Odaka T, et al. Objective assessment of the antispasmodic effect of Shakuyaku-kanzo-to (TJ-68), a Chinese herbal medicine, on the colonic wall by direct spraying during colonoscopy. *World Journal of Gastroenterology* 2006; 12: 760-4. CENTRAL ID: CN-00563124, Pubmed ID: 16521190

### 1. Objectives

To evaluate the efficacy and safety of direct spraying of shakuyakukanzoto (芍薬甘草湯) on the colonic mucosa for suppression of bowel movement during colonoscopy.

### 2. Design

A randomized controlled trial (RCT).

#### 3. Setting

Not specifically mentioned (the authors belong to one university hospital), Japan.

### 4. Participants

One-hundred and ten patients with suspected intestinal hemorrhage, acute abdomen due to acute enteritis, inflammatory bowel disease, or a history of abdominal surgery, and treated with an oral drug affecting bowel movement, who visited our hospital between July 2002 and March 2004.

### 5. Intervention

Arm 1: spray of 0.5 g/50 mL of a solution of TSUMURA Shakuyakukanzo (芍薬甘草湯) Extract Granules in physiological saline maintained at 36°C over the area of spasms in the intestine, 10 mm apart (n=51).

Arm 2: spray of physiological saline maintained at  $36^{\circ}$ C in the same manner as arm 1.

Colon preparation involved oral administration of Magcorol (59 g/250 mL) on the day before colonoscopy and 2 L of Niflec on the day of colonoscopy. No sedatives were used during colonoscopy (n=50).

Five patients in arm 1 and 4 patients in arm 2 were excluded from the study population because of poor or incomplete bowel preparation.

### 6. Main outcome measures

Lumen area (pixels) × time (min), determined before and after spraying over the area of spasms.

## 7. Main results

Before spraying, there was no significant difference between arms. After spraying, the area  $\times$  time value was significantly larger in arm 1.

# 8. Conclusions

Direct spray of shakuyakukanzoto is effective for suppression of bowel movement during colonoscopy.

### 9. From Kampo medicine perspective

None.

### 10. Safety assessment in the article

There were no complications throughout the study period.

#### 11. Abstractor's comments

This is an excellent study because it quantifies bowel movement by monitoring digital images over time, enabling objective evaluation.

## 12. Abstractor and date

Kogure T, 27 January 2009.